Being a By-Law to provide for the regulation and control of animals within the limits of the Town of Teulon

PART I: AUTHORITY

WHEREAS subsection 232(1) of <u>The Municipal Act</u>, S.M. 1996, c. 58 (the "Act") provides, in relevant part, as follows:

Spheres of jurisdiction

232(1) A council may pass by-laws for municipal purposes respecting the following matters:

(a) the safety, health, protection and well-being of people and the safety and protection of property;

...

(k) wild and domestic animals and activities in relation to them, including by-laws differentiating on the basis of sex, breed, size or weight;

. . .

(o) the enforcement of by-laws.

AND WHEREAS subsection 232(2) of the Act provides, in relevant part, as follows:

Exercising By-Law-making powers

232(2) Without limiting the generality of subsection (1), a council may in a by-law passed under this Division

(a) regulate or prohibit;

. . .

(f) except where a right of appeal is already provided in this or any other Act, provide for an appeal and the body that is to decide the appeal, and related matters.

AND WHEREAS, subsection 236(1) of the Act provides, in relevant part, as follows:

Content of by-laws under clause 232 (1)(o) 236(1) Without limiting the generality of clause 232(1)(o) (enforcement of by-laws), a by-law passed under that clause may include provisions

- (a) providing for procedures, including inspections, for determining whether by-laws are being complied with; and
- (b) remedying contravention of by-laws, including
 - (i) creating offenses,
 - (ii) subject to the regulations, providing for fines and penalties, including the imposition of a penalty for an offense that is in addition to a fine or imprisonment, so long as the penalty relates to a fee, rate, toll, charge or cost that is associated with the conduct that gives rise to the offense, or related to enforcing the by-law,

- (iii) providing that an amount owing under subclause (ii) may be collected in any manner in which a tax may be collected or enforced under this Act,
- (iv) seizing, removing, impounding, confiscating and selling or otherwise disposing of plants, animals, vehicles, or other things related to a contravention,
- (v) charging and collecting costs incurred in respect of acting under subclause (iv),
- (vi) imposing a sentence of imprisonment for not more than six months for the commission of offenses or nonpayment of fines.

AND WHEREAS subsections 5(1), (2) and (3) of The Animal Liability Act, S.M. 1998 c. 8 provide, in relevant part, as follows:

Animals not to run at large

5(1) Except when permitted by a municipal by-law passed in accordance with The Municipal Act or a by-law of a local government district passed in accordance with The Local Government Districts Act, no owner or person in charge of an animal shall allow it to run at large.

By-Law does not limit owner's liability

5(2) An owner's liability under section 2 is not limited or otherwise affected by a by-law referred to in subsection (1).

Municipality or LGD not liable by reason only of making By-Law

5(3) A municipality or local government district that makes a by-law referred to in subsection (1) is not liable, by reason only of having made the by-law, for damages for any harm that an animal causes to a person or property while running at large in the manner permitted under the by-law.

AND WHEREAS, subsections 31(1) and (2) of the Diseases and Dead Bodies Regulation, 338/88R of The Public Health Act, R.S.M. 1987 c.P210 provide, in relevant part, as follows:

- **31(1)** In the event of an animal bite to a person in which a physician determines that there is a possibility of transmission of rabies, the person bitten or any duly qualified medical practitioner or registered nurse attending that person shall forthwith notify the medical officer of health or the animal control officer of the municipality in which the biting incident occurred or a peace officer of the details of the biting incident.
- **31(2)** An animal control officer or peace officer receiving a report pursuant to subsection (1) shall notify the medical officer of health of the details of the report at the earliest possible opportunity.

PART II: DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATION

By-Law Name

1(1) This By-Law may be referred to as the "Animal Control By-Law".

Definitions

- 1(2) In this By-Law, unless the context otherwise requires,
 - "aggressor animal" means a dog, cat or domestic pet which has bitten a person or the Animal Control Officer has reason to believe has bitten a person.
 - "Animal Control Officer" means the person appointed by Council to enforce the provisions of this By-Law, and includes any person acting as an assistant to, or under the direction of, the animal control officer authorized by the Council.
 - "CAO" means the Chief Administrative Officer of the Town of Teulon.
 - "cat" means any member of the genus Felis domesticus (domestic cat).
 - "Council" means the council of the Town of Teulon.
 - "current rabies vaccination" means that the dog or cat has been vaccinated for rabies in accordance with international veterinary protocol which calls for a primary vaccination, which is then followed with a booster vaccination not sooner than 60 days and not greater than one year after the primary vaccination, and is then subsequently vaccinated at regular intervals not exceeding three years.
 - "dangerous animal" means any dog, cat or any other animal that has on at least one occasion, attacked, injured or killed a person, livestock or any other animal, or that is for any other reason determined to be a risk to any person, livestock or any other animal, and that has been declared a dangerous animal under Section 12 of this By-Law.
 - "dog" means any member of the genus Canis familiaris (domestic dog).
 - "Dog Run" means an enclosure as defined herein and applies as provided for under Section 7 of this By-law.
 - "domestic pet" means any animal other than a dog or cat that has been domesticated and is kept or harboured within the Town.
 - "enclosure" means an area surrounded on all sides by a wall or fence which prevents the cat, dog, domestic pet, livestock or restricted animal from leaving the area at its own will.

"livestock" means:

- (a) animals kept for the purpose of:
 - (i) production of meat,
 - (ii) production of other products from the animals, or
 - (iii) herding, protection of livestock or draft work,
 - and breeding stock of such animals;
- (b) animals kept for the purpose of improving or preserving any species or kind of animal that may be kept for a purpose set out in subclause (a)(i), (ii) or (iii) of this definition; and

(c) any other animal determined by the animal control officer to be livestock for the purposes of this By-Law;

whether or not intended for profit and including, without limitation:

- (d) dairy cattle and beef cattle, goats, sheep, bison and horses;
- (e) swine (including, wild boar);
- (f) all cervids on game production farms;
- (g) all of the family Camilidae (including, Llamas and Alpacas);
- (h) all domestic poultry (including, chickens, turkeys, ducks and geese);
- (i) specialty fowl (including, guinea fowls); and
- (j) any other animals that are of a species or kind prescribed as livestock in the regulations pursuant to The Animal Liability Act.

"Notice of Breach of By-Law" means a notice issued pursuant to section 3(f) of this By-Law in the form attached hereto as Schedule B.

"owner" includes any person who owns, keeps, harbours or has possession or control of an animal, or who owns, leases or occupies, either solely or jointly with others, any premises containing the animal or which contained the animal immediately prior to an attack by the animal or apprehension of the animal by the Animal Control Officer or any other person.

"owner's premises" means the lands either solely or jointly owned with others.

"person" includes an individual, partnership, firm and/or corporation.

"personal residence" means the structure or building within which an individual resides, but it shall not include the lands surrounding such buildings or structure nor any out buildings.

"pound" means any enclosure, premises or place, whether within or outside the Town, designated by Council for the impoundment and care of any animal for the purposes of enforcing any provision of this By-Law.

"Pound keeper" means the person appointed by Council, whether on a temporary or permanent basis, to operate and maintain a pound, and to carry out the duties of a Pound keeper as set out in Section 4 of this By-Law.

"residential kennel" means any building, structure, enclosure or premises located in a

residential zone whereupon, or within which up to three (3) dogs, six (6) months of age or older, are kept or maintained

"restricted animal" means:

- (a) any member of the order Primate except a human being;
- (b) any member of the order Carnivora except dogs, cats and domestic ferrets (mustela putorius furo), but including all hybrids of dogs and cats;
- (c) any member of the order Crocodylia;
- (d) any constrictor snake, venomous snake or venomous reptile;.
- (e) any venomous amphibian;
- (f) any wild animal or wildlife as defined in The Wildlife Act; and
- (g) any other animal determined by the animal control officer to be a restricted animal, other than a dog, cat or livestock.

"running at large" or "run at large" means, in relation to an animal, that the animal is not:

- (a) under the direct, continuous and effective control of a person competent to control it; or
- (b) securely confined within an enclosure or securely fastened so that it is unable to roam at will.

"Town" means the Town of Teulon

Interpretation

1(3) In all parts of this By-Law, any word importing the male gender shall include the female gender and vice versa, and any word importing the singular shall include the plural, and vice versa, as applicable and unless the context requires a different interpretation.

PART III: ESTABLISHMENT OF POUND AND APPOINTMENT OF ANIMAL CONTROL OFFICER AND POUNDKEEPER

Establishment of Pound

2(1) Council may establish and maintain a pound for the impoundment and care of animals apprehended pursuant to the enforcement of any provision of this By-Law, or the Council may enter into an agreement with any person (including with any other municipality, city, town or organization) to establish and maintain a pound on their behalf. The costs associated with the pound operated by or for the Town shall be paid out of the general funds of the Town.

Appointment of Animal Control Officer

2(2) Council may appoint one or more persons as Animal Control Officer(s) to carry out the enforcement of this By-Law. The Animal Control Officer(s) so appointed may be appointed on a temporary or permanent basis, and shall be paid out of the general funds of the Town.

Appointment of Pound keeper

2(3) Council may appoint one or more persons as Pound keeper(s) to carry out the duties of the Pound keeper set out in this By-Law. The Pound keeper(s) so appointed may be appointed on a temporary or permanent basis, and shall be paid out of the general funds of the Town.

Common Animal Control Officer and Pound keeper

2(4) At the discretion of Council, the Animal Control Officer may also serve as Pound keeper, and vice versa.

Duties of the Animal Control Officer

- 3. It shall be the duties of the Animal Control Officer:
 - (a) to apprehend and return to the owner or confine at the pound, any animal running at large within the Town contrary to the provisions of this By-Law.
 - (b) to apprehend and confine any restricted animal being kept or harboured by, or in the possession or control of, any person contrary to the provisions of this By-Law, or running at large, within the Town.
 - (c) to ensure that any restricted animal kept or harboured within the Town is properly licensed by the Town, and to apprehend and confine any such restricted animal that is not properly licensed.

- (d) to apprehend and return to the owner or confine any dog, cat or any other domestic pet which is running at large within the Town contrary to the provisions of this By-Law, or apprehend and confine any dog, cat or any other domestic pet which is kept or harboured by, or in the possession or control of, any person that is in breach of this By-Law or of any other laws or regulations pertaining to animals.
- (e) to make reasonable attempt to notify the owner of every animal apprehended and if the identity of the owner is known, by direct contact with the owner or by leaving a notice at the last known address of the owner, which notice shall be in the form set out in Schedule C hereto attached and shall state the place and time that the animal was apprehended, the place and time when the animal can be redeemed from the pound, the impoundment fee and any daily pound fees as set out in Schedule "A" hereto attached, license fees and other costs or fines to be charged to the owner, the method of payment required, and the date after which the animal will be sold, destroyed or otherwise disposed of if not redeemed. Where the identity of the owner of the animal is not known, the Animal Control Officer shall post in the general office of the Town and at a minimum of three (3) public locations, a notice describing the animal, the date of apprehension and the date after which the animal will be sold, destroyed or otherwise disposed of.
- (f) to issue a Notice of Breach of this By-Law in the form set out in Schedule B hereto attached against any person that has committed an offense under this By-Law. A Notice of Breach of this By-Law may be served upon the person who has breached the By-Law personally or upon a person eighteen (18) years of age and older at the residence of the person who has breached the By-Law, or may be served by registered mail addressed to the last known address of such person. The Animal Control Officer may lawfully enter upon the premises of any such person to serve a Notice of Breach of this By-Law.
- (g) The Animal Control Officer or Pound keeper may, for the purpose of capturing any animal found to be running at large within the Town, retain the services of a licensed veterinarian to use a tranquilizer gun to assist in the capture of the said animal.
- (h) to enforce the provisions of this By-Law.

Duties of Pound keeper

- 4. It shall be the duties of the Pound keeper:
 - (a) To provide sufficient food and clean water, adequate shelter and a safe and sanitary environment for every animal impounded.
 - (b) To establish and maintain the pound in a manner in keeping with The Animal Care Act (Manitoba), and without limiting the generality of the foregoing, to discharge the duties of an owner as set out in subsection 2(1) of The Animal Care Act (Manitoba) while an animal is in the custody of the Pound keeper.
 - (c) To keep a record of every animal impounded, which record shall include the following minimum information:

- (i) a description in reasonable detail of the animal (including, the approximate weight, height and color of the animal, as well as the order and breed of the animal) and a description in reasonable detail of the location the animal was apprehended by the Animal Control Officer (to include the street and nearest civic address);
- (ii) the day and hour of its impoundment;
- (iii) the day and hour of its redemption, sale, disposition or destruction, together with the details of redemption, sale, disposition or destruction;
- (iv) the name and address of the owner (being the person to whom the animal was sold or released), and the license number on the animal's tag (if applicable);
- (v) the amount and particulars of all fees, fines and other charges invoiced to, and received from or on behalf of, the owner and the name and address of the payer (if different from the owner); and
- (vi) such other particulars as the CAO of the Town shall direct from time to time.
- (d) To collect all fees charged by the pound, and to remit all monies received by the pound to the CAO of the Town, together with such reports and statements as the said CAO may prescribe from time to time, except where the Municipality has entered into a contract with a private party for the operation of the pound, in which case the Pound keeper shall observe all terms and conditions of the contract with the Town for the operation of the pound, including, without limitation, the provisions concerning the charging and collection of fees, the remittance of amounts due to the Town, and the submission of all reports and statements required to be submitted to the Town under the said contract.
- (e) To keep any impounded dog, cat or any other animal which is, to the knowledge of the Pound keeper a domestic pet, for a minimum period of five (5) days, which shall include the day of impoundment but shall exclude Sundays and any statutory holidays during which the pound is closed to the public.
- (f) To make suitable arrangements for the impoundment and sale, disposition or destruction of any animal other than a dog, cat or domestic pet that is apprehended within the Town, including any restricted animal or wild animal within the meaning of The Wildlife Act.
- (g) If, after expiration of the minimum period of impoundment set out in paragraph (e), a dog, cat or other domestic pet has not been redeemed, it will be the duty of the Pound keeper to do one of the following with the impounded animal:
 - (i) sell or otherwise dispose of the impounded animal to any person for an amount not less than the applicable pound and license fees accrued in respect of the impounded animal as set forth in this By-Law, unless such fees are otherwise waived by the Town or by the Pound keeper on the express authority of the Town; or

(ii) cause the impounded animal to be humanely destroyed;

unless the Town, or the Pound keeper on the express authority of the Town, agrees to or directs an extended period of impoundment, in which case the impounded animal will be held until the earlier of the date that it is sold or otherwise disposed of to a person in accordance with sub-paragraph (g)(i) or until expiry of the extended period of impoundment, before it is humanely destroyed.

PART IV: DOGS, CATS AND OTHER DOMESTIC PETS

Licencing of dogs

- 5(1) The owner of every dog over the age of six (6) months shall obtain and renew annually, a licence to keep the dog, which licence shall require the payment of the annual fee as set out in Schedule A hereto attached. The owner shall ensure that the licence tag issued for the dog is securely fastened to a collar worn around the neck of the dog in respect of which the tag was issued. Any failure to obtain or keep current the required licence or to ensure that the licence tag issued for the dog is securely fastened to the dog's collar shall constitute an offence under this By-Law.
- The required dog licence may be sold by the Poundkeeper, the CAO of the Town, by any veterinary clinic or animal hospital within the Town which is designated by the Council as a veterinary clinic or animal hospital eligible as a vendor of such licences or by any other vendor designated by the Town.
- 5(3) No person shall be permitted to remove the collar or licence tag from any dog without a lawful excuse, and any removal without lawful excuse shall constitute an offence under this By-Law.
- 5(4) The licence fee hereby imposed shall be due and payable on the 1st day of January in each year and payable on or before the 31st day of March and shall expire on the 31st day of December in the year in which the licence fee was levied and paid.
- 5(5) Where the licence tag is lost or damaged, the owner shall forthwith apply for a replacement licence tag, the cost of which is set out in Schedule A hereto attached.
- 5(6) Where a change in ownership of a dog licenced hereunder occurs during the license year, the new owner shall, within thirty (30) days of acquiring the dog, have the current license transferred to his name upon payment of the transfer fee prescribed in Schedule A hereto attached. Any failure to report a change in ownership or to pay the prescribed transfer fee shall constitute an offense under this By-Law.
- 5(7) Subsections 5(1), (2), (3), (4) and (5) shall not apply to;
 - i) non-residents of the Town who bring a dog on a temporary visit into the Town or
 - ii) a dog of a non-resident that is being kept on a temporary basis by a resident of Town

provided however, that nothing in this Subsection 5(7) shall authorize any person to bring a dog into the Town that is a dangerous animal or is vicious, in heat, rabid or otherwise a risk to the public or to other animals within the Town, nor does it authorize any person to allow the dog to run at large or otherwise create a nuisance within the Town.

5(8) Subject to Subsection 5(9) hereof, every dog owner must produce, before a licence is issued or renewed for the dog, evidence of a current rabies vaccination status for that dog from a licenced veterinarian.

5(9) A dog owner does not have to produce evidence of a current rabies vaccination status in order to obtain or renew a licence in respect of his dog if he can produce a statement in writing signed by a licenced veterinarian certifying that the dog cannot be vaccinated for rabies for medical reasons.

Rabies Vaccination

6(1) Except where Subsection 5(9) applies, the Animal Control Officer may at any time request that an owner provide proof that the owner's dog has a current rabies vaccination status and, if the owner cannot produce such proof, the Animal Control Officer may terminate the owner's dog licence. The Animal Control Officer may apprehend and impound the dog and may issue a Notice of Breach of this By-Law to the owner.

Responsibility of Owners Regarding Dogs/Cats

- 7(1) No owner shall:
 - (a) permit his dog or cat to run at large. When a dog or cat is found running at large, its owner shall be deemed to have failed or refused to comply with this subsection.
 - (b) permit his dog to bark or his dog or cat to howl or in any other way unduly disturb the quiet of any person or persons anywhere in the Town.
 - (c) permit his dog or cat or any other animal to defecate on any public or private property other than the property of its owner. Where a dog or cat defecates on property other than the property of its owner, the owner shall cause such excrement to be removed forthwith.
 - (d) permit his dog or cat to defecate on his property in a manner which constitutes an environmental or health hazard or a nuisance for neighbors.
 - (e) permit his dog or cat to damage public property or private property other than that of the owner. Where public or private property has been damaged by a dog or cat, its owner shall be deemed to have failed or refused to comply with this subsection
 - (f) own, keep, harbour or has possession or control of any dog (other than a dog that is under the age of six months) for which a valid licence has not been issued.
 - (g) own, keep, harbour or have possession or control of any dog or cat determined to be a dangerous animal, unless such dog or cat is kept at all times in accordance with the provisions of Part V
 - (h) permit his dog or cat to pursue, bite or wound any person or animal, whether or not on the property of the owner.
 - (i) permit his dog or cat on any school ground or playground.
 - (j) permit his dog or cat on public property (including parkland area) unless the dog or cat is on a leash (which leash shall be no longer than six (6) feet in length, fully extended) and the dog or cat is in the actual custody and effective control of the owner or a person competent to control it, unless the said public property has been specifically designated by Council as land upon which dogs or cats are not required to be on a leash.
 - (k) permit his dog or cat to upset waste receptacles or otherwise litter.
- 7(2) An owner of a registered guide dog that is visually impaired or any other person who requires the assistance of a registered guide dog shall not be subject to the restrictions imposed under Subsections 7(1)(c) and (i).

7(3) Dog Runs shall be permitted in the side and rear yard only and shall be constructed with a solid non-see through material on the sides which face/adjoin the neighboring property lines. In the side yard, dog runs may be constructed to the property line. In the rear yard, dog runs may not be constructed within two (2) feet of the property line. Failure to comply with the requirements of this Section respecting the location and construction of a dog run shall constitute an offence under this By-Law.

Redemption

- 8. Unless the impounded animal is determined to be a dangerous animal, the owner of any dog, cat or any other domestic pet (other than a restricted animal) impounded by the Animal Control Officer may be redeemed within five (5) days of the apprehension and impoundment, which shall include the day of impoundment but shall exclude Sundays and any statutory holidays during which the pound is closed to the public, by applying to the Pound keeper for redemption and paying:
 - (a) the impoundment fee as set out in Schedule A;
 - (b) the pound fee calculated in accordance with Schedule A;
 - (c) in the event that the impounded animal is a dog that is unlicenced at the time of apprehension, the relevant licence fee; and
 - (d) all outstanding fines, damages or costs relating to the impounded animal.

Restrictions on Domestic Pets

9(1) An owner of a domestic pet other than a dog or cat shall not allow the domestic pet outside of the owner's premises unless the domestic pet is, at all times, while outside of the owner's premises, under the immediate charge and effective control of a person competent to control it. In the event that the animal alleged to be a domestic pet is a restricted animal or is a wild animal within the meaning of The Wildlife Act, no person shall be entitled to keep or harbour such animal within the Town unless such person has been issued a permit by the Town under Section 16 of this By-Law, and also holds all other government licences as may be required, to keep or harbour the animal within the Town.

Dogs

- 9(2) Subject to Subsection 9(3) and the provisions of Section 7, the owner of a dog shall not permit the dog to be outside of the owner's premises unless: (a) the dog has a collar which has securely fastened to it a proper licence tag that identifies a valid licence in respect of that dog; (b) the dog is on a leash that is less than six (6) feet in length fully extended; and (c) the dog is under the immediate charge and effective control of a person competent to control it.
- 9(3) A female dog in heat shall be confined to the premises of the owner or a person having control of the dog for the period of time that the dog is in heat. The said dog's confinement shall be in such a manner as to prevent any contact between the dog in heat and any other dog except other dogs owned by the same owner or by another owner who voluntarily permits such contact.

Cats

9(4) A female cat in heat shall be confined to the premises of the owner or a person having control of the cat for the period of time that the cat is in heat. The said cat's confinement shall be in such a manner as to prevent any contact between the cat in heat and any other cat except other cats owned by the same owner or by another owner who voluntarily permits such contact.

Cat Trap

- 9(5) Any person who wishes to obtain a trap from the Pound keeper or the Animal Control Officer to apprehend a cat running at large shall:
 - a) provide to the Pound keeper or the Animal Control Officer, as applicable, his or her name, address and telephone number(s);

- agree to comply with the terms and conditions for the use of the trap, including any terms and conditions governing the treatment and disposition of any trapped cat, as may be imposed by the Pound keeper or the Animal Control Officer, as applicable; and
- c) pay any deposit and/or fee as may be authorized by Council from time to time for use of the trap as set out in Schedule A hereto attached.

Maximum Number of Dogs or Cats 10(1)

- (a) No person shall own, harbour, keep or have in his possession or control or on his premises, more than two (2) dogs over the age of six (6) months, regardless of the number of people who inhabit the premises, unless approved with a Kennel Permit.
- (b) No person shall own, harbour, keep or have in his possession or control or on his premises, more than three (3) cats over the age of six (6) months, regardless of the number of people who may be inhabiting the premises, unless approved with a Kennel Permit.

Residential Kennels

10 (2)

- (a) No person shall operate or maintain a Residential Kennel without first obtaining the appropriate permit from the Town of Teulon by Council Resolution. Such permit shall be valid for a period of either one (1) year from the date of issuance. Said permit shall be renewed within thirty (30) days after the date of expiration. Failure to renew said permit shall require the permit to be reapplied for. The Residential Kennel permit fees shall be set forth by Schedule A of this By-Law.
- (b) As a condition of the issuance of a Residential Kennel permit, each owner and operator of a Residential Kennel shall agree to allow such entry and inspection, and such agreement shall be made a part of the permit. Such inspections shall be made during reasonable hours at times when the owner or operator of the Residential Kennel is present on the Residential Kennel premises, and with such frequency as the Animal Control Officer shall deem appropriate, and such inspections may, at the discretion of the Animal Control Officer, be made without prior notice to the owner or operator of the subject Residential Kennel. Willful refusal on the part of a Residential Kennel owner or operator to allow such inspection shall be grounds for summary denial of a permit for a Residential Kennel.

PART V: DANGEROUS ANIMALS

Animal Bites

11(1) The Animal Control Officer:

- (a) shall apprehend, impound and place in quarantine any dog or cat that he has reason to believe has bitten a person; and
- (b) may apprehend, impound and place in quarantine any other domestic pet that he has reason to believe has bitten a person if, in his discretion, such action in respect of the domestic pet is necessary for the protection of the public

in either case, the "aggressor animal", whether on private premises or elsewhere, and whether or not the skin was directly punctured or lacerated by the bite, except that this provision shall not apply to a police service dog owned by a public law enforcement agency while on duty and under the control of a qualified dog handler.

- 11(2) If the aggressor animal is not voluntarily surrendered to the Animal Control Officer by the owner, the Animal Control Officer shall be empowered to apprehend and impound the aggressor animal and, if necessary, to apply to a provincial court judge, magistrate or justice of the peace, as required, in order to obtain an order to enter the personal residence of the owner for the purpose of apprehending and impounding the aggressor animal.
- 11(3) Any aggressor animal so apprehended and impounded at the pound shall, subject to subsection 11(9) herein, be quarantined for a minimum of ten (10) days at the owner's expense, commencing from the date of impoundment (the "quarantine period").
- 11(4) The Animal Control Officer may, in his discretion, authorize the owner of the aggressor animal to quarantine the aggressor animal in a place other than the pound, provided that such place is under the direct supervision of a licenced veterinarian and that the aggressor animal must remain at such place at the owner's expense for the quarantine period.
- 11(5) Subject to a determination by the Animal Control Officer pursuant to Subsection 11(8) hereof that the aggressor animal is not a dangerous animal, the aggressor animal may be released to the owner after expiry of the prescribed quarantine period upon payment by the owner to the Pound keeper of a pound fee calculated at the daily rate set out in Schedule A hereto attached together with any costs or fines assessed against the owner hereunder. In the event that the owner fails to redeem the aggressor animal from the pound within three (3) days after expiry of the quarantine period, the aggressor animal shall be sold, or otherwise disposed of, or destroyed at the discretion of the Pound keeper.
- 11(6) The Animal Control Officer shall keep a record of all bite incidents, identifying the aggressor animal and the details of the incident, and such record may be used in any hearing or appeal with respect to the dangerous animal provisions contained herein.
- 11(7) The head of any aggressor animal quarantined for biting that dies while quarantined and prior to the veterinary examination required pursuant to Subsection 11(8) hereof, shall be submitted to the Canadian Food Inspection Agency for rabies examination.
- 11(8) Every aggressor animal shall be examined by a licenced veterinarian approved by the Animal Control Officer prior to release from quarantine. The determination as to whether or not the aggressor animal can be released from quarantine or must be destroyed or otherwise disposed of, shall be at the discretion of the Animal Control Officer based upon the following factors:
 - (a) the medical report of the licenced veterinarian who has examined the aggressor animal;
 - (b) whether or not the public health authorities are prepared to consent to the release of the aggressor animal;
 - (c) the severity of the bite incident, the circumstances surrounding the incident and the consequences of the incident;
 - (d) whether or not the aggressor animal is, in the opinion of the Animal Control Officer, a dangerous animal and, if yes, whether or not the provisions of Section 13 hereof have been complied with;
 - (e) whether or not the aggressor animal is a restricted animal, and if yes, whether or not the provisions of Part VII hereof have been complied with by the owner; and
 - (f) proof that the aggressor animal does not have rabies, and that the aggressor animal has a current rabies vaccination status at the date of the bite incident.

- 11(9) Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection 11(3) herein, it shall be within the discretion of the Animal Control Officer to release an aggressor animal prior to the expiry of the quarantine period and to impose conditions upon the release of an aggressor animal from quarantine, which conditions may include, without limiting the generality of the foregoing:
 - (a) the owner shall take the necessary measures to ensure that the aggressor animal is confined to the owner's premises in such a manner as to prevent escapes, and to ensure that all direct contact with other animals and persons other than the owner is avoided;
 - (b) the owner shall post in a conspicuous location at the entrance of the premises where the aggressor animal is confined, a sign which reads "Beware of Dangerous <type of aggressor animal> ";
 - (c) the owner shall submit the aggressor animal for veterinary examination from time to time as may be prescribed by the Animal Control Officer, and shall report the results of any such veterinary examination to the Animal Control Officer;
 - (d) the owner shall take out and pay for such liability insurance on the aggressor animal as may be prescribed by the Animal Control Officer;
 - (e) the owner shall be responsible for all costs, fines and damages associated with the aggressor animal, including the costs of impoundment, quarantine, signage and veterinary fees, pound fees and licence fees, and any costs associated with liability to the victim or victims of the bite incident;
 - (f) such other conditions as the Animal Control Officer may deem necessary or advisable in the interests of public safety.

Determination that an animal is a dangerous animal

- 12(1) Where the Animal Control Officer has reason to believe that an animal, including but not limited to an aggressor animal under Section 11 is a dangerous animal, he shall arrange a hearing before Council at a regularly scheduled meeting of Council at which the Animal Control Officer shall present his recommendations. The hearing shall determine whether or not the said animal should be declared a dangerous animal. The declaration shall constitute a final order in respect of which there is no appeal.
- 12(2) Where it is deemed necessary by the Animal Control Officer to protect the public or other animals pending the decision of Council, the Animal Control Officer may: (i) require that the animal be quarantined in the pound until the earlier of the date that the Animal Control Officer determines that it is safe to release the animal to the custody of the owner or until Council hears the matter and issues its determination; or (ii) may impose all or any of the conditions set out in subsection 11(9) of this By-Law upon the owner's custody of the animal, which conditions shall apply until the earlier of the date that the Animal Control Officer determines that it is safe to remove the conditions or until Council hears the matter and issues its determination.
- 12(3) Council shall provide written notice of the hearing to the owner of the animal at least ten (10) days in advance of the hearing by serving notice in a form set out in Schedule D upon the owner or by mailing the notice by registered mail to the last known address of the owner. In the case where the animal alleged to be a dangerous animal is a dog or cat, the Animal Control Officer shall be entitled to mail the said notice to the last address provided by the owner to the Town in relation to the said dog or cat. The notice shall include the following minimum information:
 - (a) the time, place and purpose of the hearing;
 - (b) a summary of the reasons in support of the allegation that the animal is dangerous;
 - (c) a copy of this section 12 of the By-Law; and

- (d) a statement that if the owner does not attend the hearing, the matter will be dealt with in his absence and that he will not be entitled to any further notice or appeal in regard to the proceedings concerning the animal.
- 12(4) (a) The owner has the right to appear at the hearing, with or without counsel, and to make submissions to Council and call evidence (whether viva voce or documentary) on his behalf. The owner also has the right to hear all of the evidence and submissions presented at the hearing by or on behalf of the Animal Control Officer and to inspect any documents filed by or on behalf of the Animal Control Officer, and to respond to same.
 - (b) Where the owner does not attend at the hearing, having been given notice as provided in accordance with this Section 12, Council shall be entitled to deal with the matter in his absence, and the owner shall not be entitled to any further notice or appeal in regard to the proceedings concerning the animal. The owner shall be notified of the decision of Council by notice in writing delivered by personal service or registered mail in the manner set out in Subsection 12(3) hereof.
- 12(5) Within five (5) working days of the hearing of Council, Council shall issue a written decision in accordance with the following provisions:
 - (a) The Council shall make an order declaring the animal to be a dangerous animal if in their opinion:
 - the animal has caused injury to or killed a person, whether on public or private property; or
 - (ii) the animal has seriously injured or killed any other animal or any livestock without provocation; or
 - (iii) the animal is used primarily for the purpose of guarding property and is not a police service dog owned by a public law enforcement agency.
 - (b) The Council may make an order declaring the animal to be a dangerous animal if, in their opinion, there is a material risk that the animal may cause damage or injury to person or property or any other animal, taking the following non- exhaustive factors into account:
 - (i) whether the animal has worried, bitten, wounded or injured any person or animal, or is otherwise an aggressor animal;
 - (ii) the circumstances surrounding any previous worrying, biting or wounding incidents; and
 - (iii) whether the animal, when unprovoked, has shown a tendency to pursue, chase or approach in a menacing fashion, any person or any other animal upon any public or private property.
- 12(6) The Council shall deliver a copy of their decision to the owner in the manner provided in Subsection 12(3). There shall be no obligation upon Council to issue written reasons for their decision.
- 12(7) The decision of the Council to destroy an animal declared a Dangerous Animal may be appealed to the Court of Queen's Bench within fourteen (14) days of the date that the owner was provided notice in the manner of subsection 12(3). The animal shall remain quarantined in the pound pending the outcome of the hearing.

- 12(8) In the event that a dog is declared by Council to be a dangerous animal, any licence previously issued in relation to that dog shall be deemed to have been cancelled effective as of the date of Council's decision to declare the dog to be a dangerous animal.
- 12(9) Where a license is deemed to have been cancelled pursuant to Subsection 12(8) hereof, the owner shall be entitled to a credit or refund on any paid-up licence fee, calculated on a quarterly pro rata basis. The Town may set-off against any such refund, any fines, fees or costs owing by the owner under this By-Law.
- 12(10) Every owner who has received notification from Council pursuant to Subsection 12(3) that a determination hearing will be held with respect to his animal, shall ensure that the animal remains confined upon the premises of the owner pending the final outcome of the hearing.
- 12(11) Subsection 12(10) shall not apply if the animal is impounded or the Animal Control Officer receives written confirmation from a licenced veterinarian that the animal has been placed in quarantine pending outcome of the hearing.

Consequences of dangerous animal declaration

- 13(1) Council shall determine whether the dangerous animal should be destroyed or released to the owner subject to the conditions set out in Subsection 13(2). The decision of Council shall be final and not subject to appeal.
 - (2) Every owner of an animal that has been declared to be dangerous and in respect of which Council has decided to release the dangerous animal to its owner, shall:
 - (a) in the event that the dangerous animal is a dog, obtain a dangerous dog licence for the dangerous dog and pay the required fee as set out in Schedule A hereto attached.
 - (b) cause the dangerous animal to be tattooed upon the ear with clearly identifiable information as set out by the Council and provide a copy of such information to the Pound keeper.
 - (c) ensure that the dangerous animal, while on private property, is kept either securely confined indoors or in a securely enclosed and locked pen, structure or compound which:
 - (i) is capable of preventing the entry of young children and the escape of the dangerous animal;
 - (ii) has minimum dimensions suitable for the size of the dangerous animal, as prescribed by the Animal Control Officer;
 - (iii) has secure sides; and
 - (iv) provides protection from the elements for the dangerous animal.
 - (d) in the event that the dangerous animal is a dog, permit the dog upon public property only if: (i) it is muzzled; (ii) it is restrained by a chain or leash not exceeding six (6) feet in length, fully extended; and (iii) the dog is at all times under the effective control of a person competent to control it.
 - (e) in the event that the dangerous animal is other than a dog, permit the dangerous animal upon public property only if it is under the effective control of a person competent to control it.

- (f) display in a conspicuous location at each entrance to the premises upon which the dangerous animal is kept, a sign stating: WARNING: BEWARE OF DANGEROUS<insert type of animal>. The sign shall be posted in such a manner that it cannot be removed easily by a passerby and will be visible and capable of being read from outside of the premises.
- (g) within three (3) working days of selling, giving away or otherwise disposing of the dangerous animal, provide the Animal Control Officer with the name, address and telephone number of the new owner.
- (h) advise the Animal Control Officer within three (3) working days of the death of the dangerous animal.
- (i) advise the Animal Control Officer forthwith if the dangerous animal has gone missing or is running at large or has bitten or attacked any person or animal.
- (j) maintain in force to the satisfaction of the CAO of the Town a comprehensive liability insurance policy, including coverage for damage or injury caused by the dangerous animal, with a minimum limit of liability of \$500,000.00 per occurrence.
- (k) such other conditions as may be prescribed by order of the Council, including, without limitation, any of the conditions set out in Subsection11(9) hereof.
- 13(3) No person shall deface or remove without having first obtained the permission of the Animal Control Officer a sign posted pursuant to Subsection 13(2)(f) or Subsection 11(9)(b) hereof.

Destruction of dangerous animal or aggressor animal

- 14(1) Where it appears on reasonable grounds that an owner has breached this By-Law in respect of an animal that has been declared dangerous or if an aggressor animal has caused injury or damage to any person, property or any other animal or if the Animal Control Officer otherwise has reasonable grounds to believe that an animal presents a risk to any person, property or any other animal and such animal has been declared a dangerous animal by Council, the Animal Control Officer may apprehend and impound the animal for the purpose of destroying it. In the event that an animal is causing an immediate risk to any person, property or any other animal, the Animal Control Officer is authorized to apprehend and impound the said animal notwithstanding that it has not been declared to be a dangerous animal by Council at the time of its apprehension and impoundment.
- 14(2) When the Animal Control Officer impounds an animal under this Section 14 for the purpose of destruction of the animal, he shall give the owner written notice, delivered to the last known address of the owner, that the animal will be destroyed after the expiry of ten (10) days from the date of the notice. The owner may, during that time period, appeal the decision of the Animal Control Officer to Council by providing notice in writing to the CAO of the Town, in which case Council shall hold a hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting of Council as to whether or not the animal should be destroyed, which hearing shall be carried out in accordance with the provisions of Section 12 hereof. The animal shall remain quarantined in the pound pending the outcome of the hearing.

PART VI: LIVESTOCK

- 15(1) The keeping of livestock in the Town shall only be allowed pursuant to the Town's zoning by-law in effect from time to time.
- 15(2) An owner shall not permit his livestock to run at large within the Town. When livestock is found running at large, its owner shall be deemed to have refused or failed to comply with this By-Law.
- 15(3) Council, or the Animal Control Officer on the authority of Council, may establish from time to time temporary or permanent premises for the confinement of livestock apprehended pursuant to the provisions of this By-Law. This may include the premises where the apprehension took place, and the owner of such premises or any other such person as may be authorized by Council, shall provide care for the impounded livestock at a rate of remuneration to be fixed from time to time by the Council. The CAO of the Town may authorize the establishment of a temporary pound based upon the verbal consent by telephone of the majority of Councilors, which temporary pound shall be ratified at the next regularly scheduled Council meeting.
- 15(4) If the identity of the owner is known, the Animal Control Officer shall serve a Notice of Impoundment, as set out in Schedule "C" hereto attached, directly upon the owner or by mailing the notice by registered mail to the owner at his last known address.
- 15(5) The owner of the livestock shall not be entitled to the return of the livestock until the actual costs incurred by the Town in apprehending and impounding the livestock, together with the costs of caring for the livestock and any fines imposed pursuant to Subsection 22(4) of this By-Law, have been paid in full.
- 15(6) If no person claims the livestock within ten (10) days of the date of the notice of impoundment, or if the owner has not paid the costs and fines referred to in subsection 15(5), the Animal Control Officer may sell or otherwise dispose of the livestock without further notice to the owner, the proceeds of which shall be paid to the general funds of the Town.

PART VII: RESTRICTED ANIMALS

Prohibition on restricted animals

16(1) Except as may be permitted by the Town's zoning by-law in effect from time to time, no person shall keep, harbour, posses or control any restricted animal within the Town without a permit issued by Council.

Application for permission to keep or harbour a restricted animal

16(2) Upon receipt of an application and permit fees as set out on Schedule "A" hereto attached from any person to keep a restricted animal, Council shall comply with the notice and hearing requirements applicable to variation and conditional use applications as set out in The Planning Act (Manitoba) (subsection 53(2) and subsection 55(4). Provided however, that Council need not give notice of an application from the owner or operator of a travelling show to keep a restricted animal in the Town on a temporary basis for a period not exceeding ten (10) continuous days, but shall consider the application at a regularly scheduled meeting of Council following receipt of the application. Council shall decide based on the application and any written or oral submissions of the applicant, whether or not to grant a permit to the applicant to keep or harbour the restricted animal within the Town and shall advise the applicant in writing of their decision. Council may impose conditions upon a permit to keep or harbour a restricted animal and any violation of such conditions by the owner shall invalidate the permit provided by Council and shall constitute an offence under this By-Law.

Temporary impoundment

16(3) If deemed necessary in the interests of public safety, the Animal Control Officer may apprehend and impound any restricted animal pending the outcome of any hearing to decide an application made pursuant to Subsection 16(2) hereof.

Inventory of restricted animals

- 16(4) Any owner who has been granted permission by Council to keep one or more restricted animals within the Town shall, on an annual basis and on the form prescribed by Council from time to time for this purpose, provide Council with an inventory of the restricted animals kept by the owner within the Town, together with the annual permit fee as set out in Schedule "A" hereto attached.
- 16(5) Council may at any time and from time to time change the conditions that an owner must satisfy in order to keep a restricted animal, and any failure to comply with any such condition upon notice thereof shall invalidate the owner's permit to keep the restricted animal within the Town.
- 16(6) (a) Any person who keeps, harbours or has possession or control of a restricted animal in the Town on or before the time that this By-Law comes into force or effect, shall have thirty (30) days from the coming into effect of this By-Law to obtain a permit from Council to continue to keep the restricted animal, failing which the owner shall sell or give the restricted animal to a person outside of the Town or shall otherwise dispose of the restricted animal in a manner which ensures that the restricted animal is no longer within the Town. Any such sale, gift or disposition shall be in accordance with all laws, rules and regulations which may pertain to the sale or disposition of restricted animals, and the Town accepts no responsibility for the manner of sale or disposition.
 - (b) Council may grant such longer period of time to an owner of a restricted animal who falls within Subsection 16(6)(a) hereof as may be necessary to allow Council adequate time to consider and decide the owner's application to retain the restricted animal within the Town.

Order to dispose of restricted animal

- 16(7) Where the Animal Control Officer has reasonable grounds to believe that a person is keeping or harbouring, or has possession or control of, a restricted animal within the Town without the written permission of Council, the Animal Control Officer shall serve the person with an order in writing to dispose of the restricted animal within fourteen (14) days of receipt of the order or such shorter period of time as the circumstances may require and the order may provide, in which case the owner shall sell, give away or otherwise dispose of the restricted animal in accordance with Subsection 16(6)(a) and any conditions imposed in the order of the Animal Control Officer. Provided however, that if the owner has not already applied and been denied a permit to keep or harbour the restricted animal, the owner may make such an application in accordance with Subsection 16(2), and the order of the Animal Control Officer shall be suspended pending the decision of Council.
- 16(8) The onus shall be on the person upon whom an order pursuant to Subsection 16(7) has been served to establish either that: (a) the animal is not a restricted animal; or (b) the person has a permit from Council to keep or harbour the restricted animal.

- 16(9) Where the person has failed to establish either that the animal is not a restricted animal or that he has a permit from Council to keep or harbour the restricted animal, and the person has failed or refused to dispose of the restricted animal within the time frame contemplated by the order of the Animal Control Officer, the Animal Control Officer may seek an order or warrant from a provincial court judge, magistrate or justice of the peace, as required, to enter upon the land and premises of that person for the purpose of removing and disposing of the restricted animal. The Animal Control Officer may engage the assistance of other persons if required to safely apprehend the restricted animal.
- 16(10) Upon apprehension and impoundment of a restricted animal, and provided that: (a) a written order was duly served on the owner as required by Subsection 16(7); and (b) if an application for the written permission of Council to retain the restricted animal has been heard and denied by Council or no application for permission to retain the restricted animal has been made to Council; Council may proceed to order the animal destroyed or sold, and the Animal Control Officer shall carry out the order of Council. The owner shall be liable for all costs associated with apprehension, impoundment and destruction or sale of the restricted animal. If the proceeds of sale exceed any such costs and any fines imposed upon the owner for breach of this By-Law, then the Town shall refund the excess proceeds to the owner.

PART VIII: GENERAL PROVISIONS

Offenses under this By-Law

- 17(1) For greater certainty and without limiting any provisions of this By-Law, the following shall constitute offences under this By-Law for which a Notice of Breach of this By-Law may be issued:
- (a) Allowing or failing to prevent a dog, cat or domestic pet from running at large;
 - (b) Keeping or harbouring dogs or cats in excess of the maximum number permitted by this By-Law;
 - (c) Failing to comply with an order of the Animal Control Officer to dispose of any dogs or cats in excess of the prescribed limit made under Section 10 of this By-Law;
 - (d) Failure by the owner of a dog or cat to comply with any one or more of the provisions of Section7, Subsection 9(2) or 9(3) of this By-Law;
 - (e) Failing to report a bite incident or failing to voluntarily surrender the dog or cat believed to have bitten a person or animal to the Animal Control Officer or Pound keeper;
 - (f) Failing to voluntarily surrender a dog or cat to the Animal Control Officer upon a request therefore;
 - (g) Failure by an owner to discharge the duties of an owner as set out in Subsection 2(1) of The Animal Care Act (Manitoba);
 - (h) Keeping or harbouring any wild animal or other restricted animal within the Town without a proper permit contrary to Section16 of this By-Law;
 - (i) Violating any of the conditions or restrictions imposed upon a permit to keep or harbour any wild animal or other restricted animal within the Town;
 - (j) Failing to properly vaccinate a dog or cat against rabies;

- (k) Failing to comply with the requirements of Subsection 9(1) of this By-Law in relation to any domestic pet;
- (I) Failing to comply with any requirements of Part V of this By-Law in relation to an aggressor animal or a dangerous animal;
- (m) Defacing or removing a sign required to be posted under Subsection 11(9)(b) or Subsection 13(2)(f) of this By-Law;
- (n) Failing to comply with any of the requirements of Part VI of this By-Law in relation to livestock;
- (o) Failing to comply with any of the requirements of Part VII of this By-Law in relation to any restricted animals;
- (p) Failing to comply with the requirements of Subsection 7(3) of this By-Law in respect of the location and construction of a dog run;
- (q) Failure to comply with the requirements of Subsection 9(5) of this by-Law in respect of the use of cat traps.

Interference With Enforcement

- 17(2) It shall be an offence under this By-Law for a person to interfere or obstruct any attempt by the Animal Control Officer, Pound keeper or the Council from carrying out its duties and obligations hereunder.
- 17(3) It shall be an offence under this By-Law:
 - (a) to break into, or assist another person in any manner, directly or indirectly, to break into, any pound; and
 - (b) to remove or attempt to remove any impounded animal, or to otherwise cause or assist an escape of any impounded animal.

Apprehension by Resident

17(4) Any resident of the Town may apprehend and confine an animal which is running at large on his property, provided that he shall immediately thereafter inform the Animal Control Officer, Pound keeper or the CAO of the Town of the apprehension and confinement, and the Animal Control Officer shall as soon as is practical, attend upon the resident to take possession of and impound the animal.

Right of Entry

- 18(1) The Animal Control Officer or any other person appointed by the Town to enforce the provisions of this By-Law or any other law, rule or regulation pertaining to animal care or custody, may lawfully enter upon the land and buildings of an animal owner or any other person, other than the personal residence of an individual, for the purposes of apprehending an animal running at large, to ensure compliance with this By-Law (including, without limitation, any licence or permit issued pursuant to this By-Law) or to otherwise enforce the provisions of this By-Law, but shall not enter the personal residence of any individual without the consent of the owner or occupant of the personal residence or a valid warrant or order from a provincial court judge, magistrate or justice of the peace, as required to permit such entry.
- 18(2) The owner of any dog, cat or any other domestic pet that has bitten any person or any other animal shall present the said animal to the door of his dwelling upon the request of the Animal Control Officer, or take such other reasonable steps as may be requested by the Animal Control Officer to assist the Animal Control Officer to apprehend and impound the said animal.

Complainant Identification

19(1) Any person who makes a complaint alleging an offence under this By-Law against another person shall provide to the Animal Control Officer his name, address and telephone number. It shall be at the discretion of the Animal Control Officer whether or not to proceed based on an anonymous complaint or information.

Liability

20(1) No liability shall attach to the Animal Control Officer, the Pound keeper, the CAO, the Council and/or the Town in carrying out their respective duties under this By-Law. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, no liability shall attach to the Animal Control Officer, the Pound keeper, the Council and/or the Town for any animal destroyed, sold or otherwise disposed of pursuant to the provisions of this By-Law or killed or injured during the course of its apprehension or impoundment.

Penalties

- 21(1) Without limiting the penalties for specific offenses set out in Subsections 21(2), (3), (4) and (5) hereof, any person who contravenes any provision of this By-Law shall be issued a Notice of Breach of this By-Law is guilty of an offense and is subject, in addition to any penalties prescribed in Schedule "A" hereto, upon conviction before a Provincial Court Judge, Magistrate or Justice of the Peace, to the following:
 - (a) to a fine of not less than \$50.00 and not more than \$250.00, plus all applicable costs of apprehension, impoundment and damages to public or private property which resulted from the offence, for the first offence;
 - (b) to a fine of not less than \$100.00 and not more than \$500.00, plus all applicable costs of apprehension, impoundment and damages to public or private property which resulted from the offence, for the second offence and for each subsequent offence within twelve (12) months of the first offence.
- 21(2) Any animal that is impounded three (3) or more times within any 12-month period may be impounded by the Animal Control Officer and disposed of in such fashion as deemed necessary by the Animal Control Officer. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing such disposal may be by means of destruction or sale to a new person.
- 21(3) Any person who contravenes Subsection 7(3) of this By-Law shall be issued a Notice of Breach of this By-Law, is guilty of an offence and is liable to a fine of not less than \$250.00 and not more than \$500.00, plus all applicable costs to remedy the contravention.
- 21(4) Any person who contravenes a provision of this By-Law relating to livestock as herein defined shall be issued a Notice of Breach of this By-Law, is guilty of an offence and is liable:
 - (a) to a fine of not less than \$250.00 and not more than \$1000.00, plus applicable costs of apprehension, impoundment and damages to public or private property which resulted from the offence, for the first offence.
 - (b) to a fine of not less than \$500.00 and not more than \$2500.00, plus applicable costs of apprehension, impoundment and damages to public or private property which resulted from the offence, for the second offence and for each subsequent offence within 12 months of the first offence.
- 21(5) Any person who contravenes a provision of this By-Law relating to a restricted animal or to an animal which has been declared a dangerous animal, shall be issued a Notice of Breach of this By-Law, is guilty of an offence and is liable:

- (a) to a fine of not less than \$250.00 and not more than \$1000.00, plus all applicable costs of apprehension, impoundment and damages to public or private property which resulted from the offence, for the first offence.
- (b) to a fine of not less than \$500.00 and not more than \$2000.00 plus all applicable costs of apprehension, impoundment and damages to public or private property which resulted from the offence, for the second offence and for each subsequent offence within twelve (12) months of the first offence.
- 21(6) Any person who interferes with or obstructs the duties of an Animal Control Officer, a Pound keeper or any other person authorized to enforce any provisions of this By-Law, or who unlawfully enters any pound or unlawfully removes any animal impounded, shall be issued a Notice of Breach of this By-Law, is guilty of an offence and is liable:
 - (a) to a fine of not less than \$500.00 and not more than \$2000.00, or to imprisonment for a term of not more than thirty (30) days, for the first offence, plus all applicable costs of apprehension, impoundment and damages to public or private property which resulted from the offence;
 - (b) to a fine of not less than \$1000.00 and not more than \$5,000.00, or to imprisonment for not more than six (6) months, for each subsequent offence, plus all applicable costs of apprehension, impoundment and damages to public or private property which resulted from the offence.
- 21(7) Where the contravention, disobedience, refusal or neglect continues for more than one (1) day, the person is guilty of a separate offence for each day that the contravention, disobedience, refusal or neglect continues.
- 21(8) A person who has been served with a Notice of Breach of this By-Law, may dispose of the matter by attending at the Town Office during regular office hours within fifteen (15) days of the date of the Notice and pay to the CAO of the Town, the minimum fine (including applicable costs) as set out in the Notice, along with all other such charges that may have accrued as a result of enforcement of this By-Law. In the event that a person served with a Notice of Breach of this By-Law fails to pay the minimum fine as set out in the Notice (including applicable costs) within the said fifteen (15) day period, the Council may lay an Information with respect to the by-Law infraction and a Summons may be issued for the person to attend to Provincial court. Any person found guilty of a breach of this by-Law as set out in the said Notice may be liable to the Council for the maximum penalty set out in this By-Law including court costs.
- 21(9) All fines and penalties collected under the provisions of this by-Law, except as herein otherwise provided, shall be paid to the Town.
- 21(10) Wherever the provisions of any other by-Law, rule, regulation, statute imposes overlapping or contradictory regulations over the control of animals, prohibition of animals, or contain any restrictions covering any of the same subject matter contained herein, the most restrictive standard shall apply.

Severability

22(1) If any provision of this By-Law is held to be invalid by any Court of competent jurisdiction, the remaining provisions of this By-Law shall not be invalidated.

Effect

23(1) This By-Law shall come into force and effect on and from the date of its enactment.

Re	peal
10	vcai

23(1) That By-Law #10/05, its amendments, and any other similar by-laws be repealed.

Schedules

24 (1) All Schedules of By-Law #1/16 may be amended by Resolution of Council.

DONE AND PASSED as a By-La open session assembled this		eulon by the Mayor and Council in A.D. 20
	uay o	
		 Mayor

Chief Administrative Officer

Read a first time this 12th day of January, A.D. 2016

Read a second time this 9th day of February, A.D. 2016

Read a third time this 9^{th} day of February, A.D. 2016

SCHEDULE A - LICENCE AND IMPOUNDMENT FEES

Animal Control By-law No.1/16

Application Fees

For a permit to keep restricted animals (Subsection 16(2)) License Fees (Annual) – and Related Charges					
For each spayed female or neutered male dog	\$12.00				
(Subsection 5(1))					
After June 1st of the licence year	\$18.00				
For each male dog (Subsection 5(1))	\$24.00				
For each female dog (Subsection 5(1))	\$24.00				
After June 1 st of the licence year					
For each male dog For each female dog	\$30.00 \$30.00				
For each dog/cat declared to be a dangerous animal (Subsection 13(2) (a))	\$200.00				
Replacement tag (Subsections 5(5))	\$2.00				
Transfer of licence (Subsections 5(6))	\$5.00				
Restricted Animal permit – annual fee (Subsections 16(2) and 16(4))	\$200.00				
Kennel Permit (Annual)					

Impoundment Fees

For any dog, cat or any other domestic pet that was apprehended running at large or that was for any other reason, impounded by the Animal Control Officer

\triangleright	For first impoundment *, flat fee(Subsection 8 (a) and b))	\$25.00
	- For each day of impoundment, add\$15.00 / day	

> For second and subsequent impoundment, flat fee \$50.00 (*if it occurs within 12 months of the first offence) (Subsection 8 (a) and b))

- For each day of impoundment, add\$15.00 / day

Impoundment fees for dangerous animals, quarantined animals and restricted animals:(Subsections 11(3), 11(5), 11(9)(e), 12(2), \$20.00/ day 14(2), 16(3) and 16(10))

Impoundment fees for Livestock: Subsection 15(5)

For voluntary impoundment:

For each day of impoundment: \$15.00 / day **Fines** Section 21

SCHEDULE B

Notice of Breach of By-Law No. 01/16 OF THE TOWN OF TEULON

TO:										
You ar	e charged that on the	day d	of			, 20	you did	unlaw	fully:	
a)	as owner, permit an anim paragraph				e limit	s of the To	wn of Teเ	lon co	ntrary	to
b)	as owner, failed to abide to paragraph						gerous an	imal, c	contrar	У
c)	as Owner									
	contrary to paragraph Disposition of this charge Teulon, during office hou	may be i	of By-l	Lawby attending	g at tl	 ne General	Office of			
	A Hearing will be held on at which the representations at this he	ime Cour	ıcil wil	l dispose o	f this	charge. S	Should you	the u wish	hour to ma	o ıke
				(strike	out in	applicable	statemen	ts)		
Dated ——	at, 20	, in _·	the	Province	of	Manitoba,	this _		day	0
					Ani	imal Contro	ol Officer			

Form of Notice authorized by Subsection 3(f) of By-Law No. 1/16 of the Town of Teulon.

NOTE:

"owner" includes any person who owns, keeps, harbours or has possession or control of an animal, or who owns, leases or occupies, either solely or jointly with others, any premises containing the animal or which contained the animal immediately prior to an attack by the animal or apprehension of the animal by the animal control officer or any other person.

SCHEDULE C

NOTICE OF IMPOUNDMENT Under By-Law No. 01/16 of the Town of Teulon

Owner:_	
	(Name and Address of Owner of animal)
Description of Animal:	
Date of Apprehension:	
Time of Apprehension:	
Location Animal Apprehended:	
Place of Impoundment:	
Phone No. of Pound:	
Daily Pound Fee:	
Impoundment Fee and/or Fine:	
Licence Fee:	
Date the animal will be sold, destr	oyed or otherwise disposed of:
Date:	Animal Control Officer:
	Signature:

Form of Notice authorized by Subsection 3(e) of By-Law No. 01/16 of the Town of Teulon

SCHEDULE D TO BY-LAW #1/16

DANGEROUS ANIMAL DECLARATION HEARING

FOR THE TOWN OF TEULON

NOTICE OF HEARING

TO:				
namely	oh 11 of the enclosed By-Law #1/16, I have			
				·····
A Hearing will be held on the which the Town will decide:	day of	, A.D. 20	at the hour of	a.m./p.m. at
a) whether the animal ow	ned byis	a dangerous anim	nal pursuant to Section 12 of	By-Law #1/16;
b) whether a dangerous a	nimal should be destroyed or released to	the owner subject t	to conditions pursuant to Sec	ction 13 of By-Law #1/16.
Recommendations from the Anim	nal Control Officer will be received and rev	ewed at the Hearin	ng.	
IF YOU DO NOT ATTEND THE I regard to the proceedings concer	HEARING, the matter will be dealt with in y ning the animal.	our absence and y	ou will not be entitled to any	rfurther notice or appeal in
DATED at	_, in the Province of Manitoba, this	day of _		, 20
	Animal Cont	rol Officer		
Form of Notice authorized by clar	ise 12(3) of Rv-I aw #1/16 of the Town of	Teulon		

Form of Notice authorized by clause 12(3) of By-Law #1/16 of the Town of Teulon.

NOTES:

- "owner" includes any person who owns, keeps, harbours, or has possession or control of an animal, or who owns, leases or occupies, either solely or jointly with others, any premises containing the animal or which contained the animal immediately prior to an attack by the animal or apprehension of the animal by the Animal Control Officer or any other person.
- 2. Sections 11, 12 and 13 of By-Law #1/16 are enclosed.



Schedule E CAT TRAP AGREEMENT

Between The Town of Teulon and

INCIDENT NUMBER	

NAM	ME					Н	OME TELEPHON	E NUMBER	
ADI	DRESS					W	ORK TELEPHON	E NUMBER	
					and cand animal caught in this trap while in r			e supplied.	. I also
I fui	rther agree:								
1.									
2.	To place the cat trap of	nly on the pr	roperty desc	cribed above and to secu	re the trap from theft. (bicycle lock	, lock and cha	ain)		
3.	To set the trap in a sha	aded and/or	sheltered a	rea out of the public view	and to remove the trap in severe	weather cond	litions.		
4.	To check the trap at le	ast once in e	every eight	hour period.					
5.	To release any other a	ınimal inadve	ertently cau	ght in the trap in a safe a	nd humane fashion.				
6.	To feed, water and car	e for any tra	pped cat in	a humane manner.					
7.	To take the trapped ca	it to the		a	s soon as possible and in any eve	nt within 12 h	ours of the anir	nal being tr	rapped.
8.	To take the cat to a Ve	eterinarian C	linic immed	iately if the cat appears il	l or injured.				
9.	To notify			as so	on as possible if the cat was taker	to a Veterina	arian Clinic.		
10.	To return the trap to _			by	the close of business on the date	stated in this	s agreement.		
11.	An Animal Control Offi	cer may ente	er my prope	erty at any time during this	s trap agreement to ensure this ag	reement is co	omplied with.		
TUI		DETUDNED	NO LATE	THAN 6.00 DM			. 2		
								ahaya tar	I
					d understand my responsibilities a y subject me to additional fees an			e above ter	IIIS. I
SIG	NATURE					DATE	YY	MM	DD
for /	ANIMAL SERVICES					DATE	YY	ММ	DD
DEI	POSIT MADE BY:	CASH		CHEQUE	CREDIT CARD	DI	EBIT CARD		
				TRAP R	RETURNED				
	YY	MM	DD	for/ANIMAL SERVICES					
PLEASE NOTE: If you are planning under this agreement to trap more than one cat, please take note of the INCIDENT NUMBER (top right hand corner of this form) and leave the pink copy with the when you deliver the first									
rapp	ed cat.	·			ich are trapped under this ag		•		
	/hite - Customer Copy		Pink -	, , ,	(delivered with the		′ellow - Animal	Control C	Officer